Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2014 Asahi Holdings, Inc. [Japan GAAP]

May 12, 2014

Stock code:	5857
Shares listed:	Tokyo Stock Exchange (First Section)
U R L:	http://www.asahiholdings.com
Representative	Mitsuharu Terayama, Chairman, CEO
For further information please contact:	Keitaro Shigemasa, Director
	(Phone) +81-3-6270-1833
The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders:	June 17, 2014
Filing date of financial statement:	June 18, 2014
Start of dividend payment:	May 30, 2014
Supplementary materials for the financial results	: No
Investor conference for the financial results:	Yes (for institutional investors, analysts)

(Rounded down to the nearest million yen)

Results of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 (From April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014)
Results of operations (Percentage changes relative to previous corresponding period)

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income
The fiscal year ended	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %
March 31, 2014	94,254 (2.2)	9,629 28.5	9,985 28.1	5,969 32.1
March 31, 2013	96,368 (36.2)	7,495 (33.2)	7,794 (30.0)	4,518 (23.8)
(Note) Comprehensive incom	e: The fiscal year e	6,418 million yen	: 32.7%	

The fiscal year ended March 31, 2013

4,836 million yen : (21.3)%

	Net income per share	Diluted net income per share	Return on equity	Ordinary income to total assets	Operating income to net sales
The fiscal year ended	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
March 31, 2014	183.43	—	13.5	15.6	10.2
March 31, 2013	139.24	—	11.2	12.9	7.8

(Note) Equity in earnings of affiliates: March 31, 2014 : - million yen March 31, 2013 : - million yen

(2) Financial Position

	Total assets	Net assets	Shareholders' equity ratio	Net assets per share
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
March 31, 2014	66,119	46,623	70.3	1,426.55
March 31, 2013	62,260	42,012	67.3	1,288.56
		01 001 I I I I I	0 1111	

(Reference) Shareholders' equity: As of March 31, 2014

As of March 31, 2013

46,479 million yen 41,875 million yen

(3) Cash flows

	Cash flows from operating activities	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the fiscal year
The fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
March 31, 2014	14,045	(1,090)	(8,008)	9,470
March 31, 2013	(419)	(2,064)	2,603	4,141

2. Dividend payments

		Dividends per share Total					Dividends per share Total Payout				Devent	Dividend
	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	Year-end	Annual	Dividend Payment (Annual)	Ratio	to Net Assets (Consolidated)				
The fiscal Year ended	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of yen	%	%				
March 31, 2013	—	30.00	—	30.00	60.00	1,948	43.1	4.8				
March 31, 2014	_	30.00	—	30.00	60.00	1,953	32.7	4.4				
Year ending March 31, 2015 (Forecast)	_	30.00	_	30.00	60.00		31.1					

3. Forecast (From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

(Percentage changes relative to previous corresponding period)

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Net income per share
	Millions of Yen %	Millions of Yen %	Millions of Yen %	Millions of Yen %	Yen
Six months ending September 30, 2014	46,000 (3.9)	4,500 (14.4)	4,500 (16.6)	2,800 (14.5)	85.88
Year ending March 31, 2015	96,000 1.9	10,000 3.8	10,000 0.1	6,300 5.5	193.11

* Notes

(1) Changes in important subsidiaries during the current fiscal year : No

(2) Changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates and restatement

- (i) Changes in accounting policies resulting from the revision of the accounting standards and other regulations: No
- (ii) Changes other than (i) above: No
- (iii) Changes in accounting estimates: No
- (iv) Restatement: No

(3) Number of issued shares (common stock)

(i) Number of issued shares at the end of year (including treasury shares)

	As of March 31, 2014	36,254,344 shares
	As of March 31, 2013	36,254,344 shares
(ii) Number of treasury shares at the end of y	ear
	As of March 31, 2014	3,672,457 shares
	As of March 31, 2013	3,756,439 shares
(ii	i) Averaged number of shares during the pe	riod
	Year ended March 31, 2014	32,540,417 shares
	Year ended March 31, 2013	32,448,647 shares

(Reference) Summary of Nonconsolidated Results

1. Nonconsolidated Results of the Year ended March 31, 2014(From April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014)

(1) Results of operations	(Percentage changes relative to previous corresponding period)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income	
The fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
March 31, 2014	8,189	68.2	7,086	91.8	7,116	91.3	7,007	100.0
March 31, 2013	4,868	(19.6)	3,695	(26.2)	3,719	(25.7)	3,503	(28.7)

	Net income per share	Diluted net income per share
The fiscal year ended	Yen	Yen
March 31, 2014	215.34	_
March 31, 2013	107.96	—

(2) Financial Position

	Total assets	Net assets	Shareholders' equity ratio	Net assets per share
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
March 31, 2014	46,517	40,927	87.8	1,253.74
March 31, 2013	47,473	35,727	75.1	1,096.97

(Reference)

Shareholders' equity As of March 31, 2014: 40,849 million yen

As of March 31, 2013: 35,649 million yen

*Indication regarding the situation of audit procedures

These financial results are not subject to the audit procedures pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. As of the disclosure of the financial results, the procedures for auditing financial statements pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act are in progress.

*Statement regarding the proper use of financial forecasts and other special remarks

These forecast performance figures are based on the information currently available to the company's management and certain assumptions judged rational. Accordingly, these might be cases in which actual results materially differ from forecasts of this report. Please refer to page 2 "1. Information Regarding Consolidated Performance (3) Forecast of Consolidated Performance for the Year ending March 31, 2015" for the assumptions used and other notes.

Table of contents of the appendix

1. Information Regarding Consolidated Performance	2
(1) Consolidated Operating Results for the Year ended March 31, 2014	2
(2) Consolidated Financial Position and Cash Flows for the Year ended March 31, 2014	2
(3) Forecast of Consolidated Performance for the Year ending March 31, 2015	2
(4) Dividends	2
(5) Business risks	2
2. Our Group	3
(1) Precious metal recycling business	3
(2) Environmental preservation business	3
3. Management Policy	5
(1) Basic management policy	5
(2) Medium to long-term strategies	5
(3) Challenge to be addressed	5
(4) The state of internal control system	5
4. Consolidated Financial Statements	6
(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets	6
(2) Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	8
Consolidated Statements of Income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	8
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.	8
(3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets	9
(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	11
(5) Notes on Consolidated Financial Statements	12
[Notes on Assumptions for Going Concern]	12
[Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements]	12
[Changes in Presentation]	14
[Segment Information]	15
[Per Share Information]	16
[Significant Subsequent Events]	16
5. Others	17
(1)Changes of Directors	17
(2)Amounts of Production, Orders Received, Sales	17

1. Information Regarding Consolidated Performance

(1) Consolidated Operating Results for the Year ended March 31, 2014

During the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, as the yen fell and share prices rose against the backdrop of the Government's economic policies and monetary easing, the Japanese economy showed a tone of gentle recovery, including improved corporate profits and rebounding consumer spending.

Under these economic conditions, in the precious metal recycling business, factors such as an increased collection volume of electronic parts led to a greater volume of collection of gold compared to the previous year. However, because the collection volume of flat panel displays decreased, the collection volume of silver, etc., was lower than that of the same term last year. Although the average sales prices for gold, platinum, palladium, and others were higher than they were during the corresponding period a year earlier, the average sales price for silver was lower.

In the environmental preservation business, even though domestic production activity was sluggish, the collection volumes of medical-related waste, recycled glass, and so on surpassed those of the same term one year earlier. As of March 31, 2014, KOEIKOGYO CO., LTD. which designs and constructs disaster prevention facilities and installs air conditioning and sanitation equipment, became a wholly owned subsidiary of our group.

As a result of the above, as consolidated results for the fiscal year, we recorded net sales of 94,254 million yen, down 2,114 million yen (-2.2%) year-on-year; operating income of 9,629 million yen, up 2,134 million yen (+28.5%) year-on-year; ordinary income of 9,985 million yen, up 2,191 million yen (+28.1%) year-on-year; and net income of 5,969 million yen, up 1,450 million yen (+32.1%) year-on-year.

Looked at by segment, sales in the precious metal recycling business were 77,212 million yen, down 2,964 million yen (-3.7%) year-on-year; and sales in the environmental preservation business were 17,041 million yen, up 850 million yen (+5.3%) year-on-year.

(2) Consolidated Financial Position and Cash Flows for the Year ended March 31, 2014

As of this fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, total assets amounted to 66,119 million yen, up 3,858 million yen from the previous fiscal year end. This was due mainly to increase of 5,499 million yen in cash and deposits, decrease of 1,220 million yen in notes and accounts receivable-trade.

Total liabilities amounted to 19,496 million yen, down 752 million yen from the previous fiscal year end. This was due mainly to decrease of 5,687 million yen in loans payable, increase of 2,285 million yen in income taxes payable, increase of 1,180 million yen in notes and accounts payable-trade.

Net assets totaled 46,623 million yen up 4,611 million yen from the previous fiscal year end.

Net cash provided in operating activities amounted to 14,045 million yen due mainly to 9,896 million yen of income before income taxes and minority interests, 1,842 million yen of depreciation and amortization, decrease in inventories, decrease in notes and accounts receivable-trade, increase in notes and accounts payable-trade, and income tax paid.

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to 1,090 million yen due mainly to 886 million yen in payments for purchase of fixed assets.

Net cash used in financial activities amounted to 8,008 million yen due mainly to 6,160 million yen decrease of loans payable, expenditure of 1,951 million yen for the payment of dividends.

As a result, Cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2014, increased 5,328 million yen from March 31, 2013, to 9,470 million yen.

(3) Forecast of Consolidated Performance for the Year ending March 31, 2015

The tone of economic recovery against the backdrop of the Government's economic policies and so on is expected to continue, but because of matters of concern such as the faltering global economy and of the increase in Japan's consumption tax, the future remains opaque. Under these conditions, our group will continue working to expand revenue and profit.

Consequently, for the next fiscal year performance, we forecast net sales of 96,000 million yen (+1.9%), operating income of 10,000 million yen (+3.8%), ordinary income of 10,000 million yen (+0.1%) and net income of 6,300 million yen (+5.5%).

(4) Dividends

Our basic policy is to improve corporate value continuously by maintaining stable profitability and achieving further growth, and to meet shareholders' expectations by continuous stable dividends. We also consider it important to fulfill internal reserves for strategic investment to enhance existing business and develop new business.

Under this basic policy, the fiscal year's end dividend will be 30 yen per share, consequently, the annual dividend per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 will be totaled 60 yen including the interim dividend of 30 yen per share.

Further, for the year ending March 31, 2015, we are planning to pay out 30 yen per share for both interim and year end dividend, making the full year amount 60 yen per share.

(5) Business risks

Here are the main risk factors which could affect our financial condition and results of operations. Please note that the following is not an exhaustive discussion of all risk factors that should be considered before investing in the shares of the company.

① Influence of fluctuations in precious metal market prices and the exchange rate

Precious metals, our major products of precious metal recycling business, are traded at the

international commodity markets, and the prices are affected by many factors around the world such as social and economic movement of supply and demand country or exchange rate etc.

Therefore, our group's performance could be affected by precious metal market price changes. We are making efforts to reduce risks by hedging through forward exchange dealing.

2 Legal restrictions

We are operating industrial waste related business under "Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Act". Also we are subject to "Water Pollution Control Law", "Air Pollution Control Law" and "Sewerage Law" etc.

In addition we have local government approvals of collecting, transporting and disposing industrial waste, and to obtain these approvals we have to observe regulations in local administration level.

From rising society's concern over environmental problem, these law restrictions are in the direction of being strengthened. To prepare for this situation, further capital investment could be required. At the time of establishing, relocating or replacing processing facilities, we will have to acquire appropriate permission. In such case, it could be needed to obtain neighbors' consent which could be difficult.

In consequence, these legal restriction and social movement could affect our financial condition and results of operations.

2. Our Group

Our Group comprises of the holdings company "Asahi Holdings, Inc.", "Asahi Pretec Corp.", "Japan Waste Corporation", 18 other subsidiaries and 2 affiliates. Our main businesses are precious metal recycling business and environmental preservation business. The details are as follows.

(1) Precious metal recycling business

In the precious metal recycling business, we sell precious/rare metal products such as gold, silver, platinum, palladium, and indium by recycling scrap containing rare metals, etc.

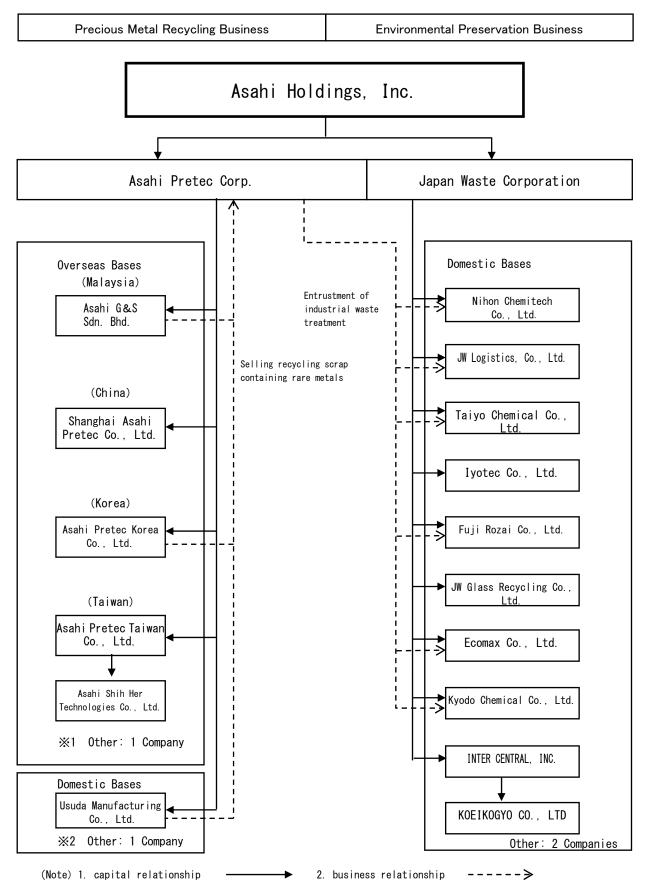
In Japan, Asahi Pretec Corp. collects scraps containing precious/rare metals from the electronics, dentistry, jewelry manufacturing and distribution, and automotive catalyst sectors. At factories around the country, it collects, separates and refines the scrap and sells high-purity metals to trading companies, semiconductor/electronic component makers, film manufacturers, etc. Usuda Manufacturing Co., Ltd. engages in precision cleaning and precious metal delamination of manufacturing equipment parts semiconductor/electronic component makers.

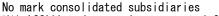
Overseas, Asahi G&S Sdn. Bhd. in the Malaysia/Singapore region, Shanghai Asahi Pretec Co., Ltd. in China, Asahi Pretec Korea Co., Ltd. in South Korea, and Asahi Pretec Taiwan Co., Ltd. in Taiwan are engaged in the precious metal recycling business. Additionally, Asahi Shih Her Technologies Co., Ltd. is engaged in the precision cleaning business in Taiwan.

(2) Environmental preservation business

The main line of our environmental preservation business is the collection, transport, and intermediate treatment of industrial waste.

Asahi Pretec Corp. treats and detoxifies waste acid, waste alkali, waste oil, sludge, waste drugs, and medical-related waste generated by sites in various industries, such as factories, photo labs, printing presses, hospitals, schools, and research institutes. Additionally, a group of companies with Japan Waste Corporation as their parent firm is engaged in the environmental preservation business as follows. Nihon Chemitech Co., Ltd. and JW Logistics, Co., Ltd. mainly perform the collection, transport, and intermediate treatment of industrial waste generated by factories. Iyotec Co., Ltd. engages in business such as dispatch of personnel to manufacturers and collaborates on the treatment of waste from industrial sites. Taiyo Chemical Co., Ltd. processes medical-related waste and industrial effluent from companies in the IT, electronics, and petrochemical businesses. Fuji Rozai Co., Ltd. processes specially controlled industrial waste including dioxin and heavy metals at local governments' incinerators. It engages in repair, demolition, and waste brick processing of smelting furnaces for glass manufacturing. It removes firebricks from smelting furnaces and performs materials recycling and hazardous materials handling. JW Glass Recycling Co., Ltd. collects sheet glass and glass bottles, separates them for crushing, and recycles them into high-quality glass cullet, which it sells. Ecomax Co., Ltd. performs detoxification (concrete solidification) treatment of combustion residue, sludge, soot, and dust produced by incineration facilities. Kyodo Chemical Co., Ltd. carries out collection, transport, and intermediate treatment of industrial waste and engages in the photographic materials business. INTER CENTRAL, INC. manufactures and sells heating equipment and designs and installs radiant heating and cooling equipment. KOEIKOGYO CO., LTD. designs and constructs disaster prevention facilities and installs air conditioning and sanitation equipment.





%1 Affiliated companies accounted for by equity method %2 Affiliated companies not accounted for by equity method

3. Management Policy

(1) Basic management policy

We aim to pursue continuous growth by expanding precious metal recycling business and environmental preservation business, and contribute to the material-cycle society. In the process above, we put emphasis on the balance between stable profit and continuous growth. Our basic management policy is to heighten corporate value through these activities and to respond to the expectations of all stakeholders, including customers, shareholders and employees over a long period of time.

(2) Medium to long-term strategies

In accordance with the 6th Mid-Term Business Plan (April 2012 through March 2015), the Group aims to pursue these actions: "Expanding business in Asian markets," "Broadening business domains through M&A," and "Streamlining group management" while utilizing existing management resources. As part of these strategies, we established a subsidiary and a joint venture subsidiary with a strong local company in Taiwan. Through M&A action, we also turned KOEIKOGYO CO., LTD. into a wholly owned subsidiary.

Also, the consolidated performance goal in the last fiscal year of the 6th Mid-Term Business Plan is as follows.

As for dividends, we are going to decide dividend amount per share putting emphasis on stable returning profits to shareholders and taking medium to long-term dividend payout ratio into consideration.

The consolidated performance goal in the last fiscal year of the 6th Mid-Term Business Plan Sales ¥ 96.0 billion Operating Income ¥ 10.0 billion

(3) Challenge to be addressed

① Expanding business in Asian markets

In South Korea, we will further expand business in the electronics and dental fields, and in Taiwan, we will expand business in electronics. We aim to expand the amount of precious metal collected from Asian and other foreign markets by developing new customers through building cooperative relationships with local firms.

② Broadening business domains through M&A

We will continue to promote M&A with a high investment return, and not only expand the existing business such as the environmental preservation business but also aim to enter new business fields.

③ Streamlining group management

We will reduce administrative costs on a consolidated basis by consolidating the group management functions in the holding company. And on the other hand, we will strengthen the in-house information system and achieve speedy and efficient operations.

(4) The state of internal control system

① The state of fundamental opinion and policy about corporate governance

The relevant matter is stated at corporate governance information.

② Attempt to enhance internal control system through this fiscal year

We are continuously acting to strengthen internal control system, checking and evaluating the usages of the rule for internal control by in-house organization "Internal controls promotion committee".

4. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets

	As of March 31, 2013	As of March 31, 2014	As of March 31 2014
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and deposits	4,141	9,640	93,673
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	12,539	11,319	109,981
Merchandise and finished goods	5,067	4,094	39,785
Work in process	8,114	8,596	83,525
Raw materials and supplies	1,077	1,107	10,756
Deferred tax assets	493	695	6,754
Other	1,873	2,191	21,292
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9)	(120)	(1,172)
Total current assets	33,298	37,524	364,594
Noncurrent assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Buildings and structures	17,918	18,219	177,027
Accumulated depreciation	(8,637)	(9,239)	(89,776)
Buildings and structures, net	9,281	8,979	87,252
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	13,443	13,305	129,279
Accumulated depreciation	(11,246)	(11,493)	(111,676)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	2,197	1,811	17,602
Land	13,031	13,122	127,506
Construction in progress	140	226	2,201
Other	2,462	2,486	24,160
Accumulated depreciation	(2,153)	(2,220)	(21, 571)
Other, net	309	266	2,588
Total property, plant and equipment	24,959	24,407	237,150
Intangible assets			
Goodwill	2,380	2,021	19,640
Other	797	835	8,115
Total intangible assets	3,177	2,856	27,755
Investments and other assets			
Investment securities	110	171	1,664
Deferred tax assets	162	123	1,202
Other	558	1,042	10,130
Allowance for doubt for accounts	(6)	(5)	(55)
Investment and other assets	824	1,331	12,940
Total noncurrent assets	28,962	28,595	277,845
Total assets	62,260	66,119	642,439

-	As of March 31, 2013 Millions of yen	As of March 31, 2014 Millions of yen	As of March 31 2014 Thousands of
			U.S. dollars
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable-trade	2,463	3,643	35,402
Short-term loans payable	10,245	495	4,813
Current portion of long-term loans payable	1,500	143	1,390
Accounts payable-other	1,388	1,516	14,739
Income taxes payable	349	2,635	25,603
Provision for bonuses	597	600	5,835
Provision for directors' bonuses	8	39	379
Provision for repairs	113	101	986
Provision for product warranties	21	16	156
Other	1,864	3,026	29,408
Total current liabilities	18,553	12,217	118,712
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term loans payable	—	5,419	52,661
Deferred tax liabilities	1,541	1,697	16,497
Provision for retirement benefits	107	—	_
Net defined benefit liability	—	122	1,187
Other	45	38	372
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,694	7,278	70,717
Total liabilities	20,248	19,496	189,429
NET ASSETS	,	,	,
Shareholders' equity			
Capital stock	4,480	4,480	43,537
Capital surplus	6,087	6,108	59,349
Retained earnings	36,697	40,715	395,605
Treasury stock	(5,507)	(5,384)	(52, 315)
Total shareholders' equity	41,758	45,920	446,175
Accumulated other comprehensive income	, ·	- /	
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	19	15	148
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(41)	(121)	(1,179)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	139	665	6,467
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	116	559	5,435
Subscription rights to shares	77	77	757
Minority interests	59	66	642
TOTAL NET ASSETS	42,012	46,623	453,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	62,260	66,119	642,439

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2013	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net sales	96,368	94,254	915,803
Cost of sales	83,557	79,018	767,768
Gross profit	12,811	15,235	148,035
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,316	5,606	$54,\!473$
Operating income	7,495	9,629	93,562
Non-operating income	363	392	3,818
Non-operating expenses	64	36	356
Ordinary income	7,794	9,985	97,025
Extraordinary income	14	46	454
Extraordinary loss	459	136	1,326
Income before income taxes and minority interests	7,349	9,896	96,153
Income taxes-current	2,525	3,942	38,306
Income taxes-deferred	305	(14)	(144)
Total income taxes	2,831	3,927	38,162
Income before minority interests	4,518	5,968	57,991
Minority interests in loss		(0)	(6)
Net income	4,518	5,969	57,997

Consolidated Statements of Income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2013	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Income before minority interests	4,518	5,968	57,991
Other comprehensive income			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	0	(3)	(37)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	70	(79)	(776)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	239	511	4,974
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method	8	21	211
Total other comprehensive income	318	449	4,372
Comprehensive income	4,836	6,418	62,363
(Comprehensive income attributable to)			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	4,836	6,411	62,296
Comprehensive income attributable to minority interests	· _	6	66

(3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2013

(Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at April 1,2012	4,480	6,087	34,124	(5,656)	39,036
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends from surplus			(1,945)		(1,945)
Net income			4,518		4,518
Purchase of treasury stock				(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock		(0)		149	149
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total Changes of items during the period	_	(0)	2,572	149	2,721
Balance at March 31, 2013	4,480	6,087	36,697	(5,507)	41,758

(Millions of yen)

r	1					(1011111	ons of yen/
	Accumul	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	other	shares	Minority interest	Total net assets
Balance at April 1,2012	18	(111)	(108)	(201)	67	_	38,902
Changes of items during the period							
Dividends from surplus							(1,945)
Net income							4,518
Purchase of treasury stock							(0)
Disposal of treasury stock							149
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	0	70	247	318	10	59	388
Total Changes of items during the period	0	70	247	318	10	59	3,110
Balance at March 31, 2013	19	(41)	139	116	77	59	42,012

For the year ended March 31, 2014

(Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at April 1,2013	4,480	6,087	36,697	(5,507)	41,758
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends from surplus			(1,951)		(1,951)
Net income			5,969		5,969
Purchase of treasury stock				(1)	(1)
Disposal of treasury stock		21		124	145
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total Changes of items during the period	_	21	4,017	122	4,161
Balance at March 31, 2014	4,480	6,108	40,715	(5,384)	45,920

(Millions of yen)

	Accumu	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	shares	Minority interest	Total net assets
Balance at April 1,2013	19	(41)	139	116	77	59	42,012
Changes of items during the period							
Dividends from surplus							(1,951)
Net income							5,969
Purchase of treasury stock							(1)
Disposal of treasury stock							145
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(3)	(79)	526	442	_	6	449
Total Changes of items during the period	(3)	(79)	526	442		6	4,611
Balance at March 31, 2014	15	(121)	665	559	77	66	46,623

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2013	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014	The fiscal year ended March 31, 2014
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Income before income taxes and minority interests	7,349	9,896	96,153
Depreciation and amortization	2,100	1,842	17,90'
Impairment loss	327	102	99
Amortization of goodwill	368	387	3,76
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits	13	_	-
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability	—	12	12
Interest and dividends income	(23)	(31)	(305)
Interest expenses	26	22	22
Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities	20	—	-
Loss (gain) on sales and retirement of noncurrent assets	97	24	24
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(2,780)	1,636	15,89
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(384)	1,152	11,20
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	(1,110)	724	7,03
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other	(195)	(74)	(728
Other, net	(799)	29	28
Subtotal	5,009	15,726	152,80
Interest and dividends income received	22	31	30
Interest expenses paid	(27)	(23)	(224
Income taxes paid	(6,597)	(2,436)	(23,678
Income taxes refund	1,172	(2,100)	7,26
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(419)	14,045	136,47
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(110)	14,040	150,47
Payments into time deposits	_	(79)	(774
Proceeds from collection of guarantee deposits	19	34	33
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(804)	(679)	(6,601
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	130	62	60
Purchase of intangible assets	(368)	(207)	(2,013
Purchase of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates	(1,081)	(156)	(1,522)
Other, net	39	(63)	(618
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,064)	(1,090)	(10,592
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,004)	(1,030)	(10,552
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	5,527	(9,750)	(94,736
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	5,527		
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(1,035)	5,100 (1,510)	49,55 (14,672
	· · · · · ·		
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(60) (0)	(40)	(398
Purchase of treasury stock		(1)	(15
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	149	145	1,41
Proceeds from stock issuance to minority shareholders	59		-
Cash dividends paid Other, net	(1,946) (90)	(1,951)	(18,957
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,603	(8,008)	(77,812
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	494		
		381	3,70
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	613	5,328	51,77
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,527	4,141	40,24
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,141	9,470	92,01

(5) Notes on Consolidated Financial Statements

[Notes on Assumptions for Going Concern] Not applicable

[Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements]

1. Scope of consolidation (1)Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 20 Major consolidated subsidiaries Asahi Pretec Corp. Japan Waste Corporation Nihon Chemitech Co., Ltd. JW Logistics, Co., Ltd. Taiyo Chemical Co., Ltd. Iyotec Co., Ltd. Fuji Rozai Co., Ltd. JW Glass Recycling Co., Ltd. Ecomax Co., Ltd. Usuda Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Kyodo Chemical Co., Ltd. INTER CENTRAL, INC. KOEIKOGYO CO., LTD. Asahi G&S Sdn. Bhd. Shanghai Asahi Pretec Co., Ltd. Asahi Pretec Korea Co., Ltd. Asahi Pretec Taiwan Co., Ltd. Asahi Shih Her Technologies Co., Ltd. and 2 other companies KOEIKOGYO CO., LTD. has become consolidated subsidiary on March 2014 by stock acquisition.

(2) Major unconsolidated subsidiaries None

2. Equity method affiliate

 Number of equity method affiliate: 1 Major equity method affiliate Jiangmen Asahi Pretec Kanfort Environmental Managemant Co., Ltd.

(2)Non equity method affiliate (Asahi • Broadlink,INC.) is not included within the scope of the equity method because it is insignificant and its net income and retained earning (the amounts equivalent to the company's interest in the companies) does not significantly affect consolidated financial statement.

3. Fiscal year of consolidated subsidiaries

Among consolidated subsidiaries, the fiscal year end of Asahi G&S Sdn. Bhd., Shanghai Asahi Pretec Co., Ltd., Asahi Pretec Korea Co., Ltd., Asahi Pretec Taiwan Co.,Ltd and Asahi Shih Her Technologies Co.,Ltd. is December 31 of each year. For the preparation of consolidated financial statements, the company uses financial statements as of December 31 and makes adjustments as necessary for consolidation in relation to significant transactions during their year-end date and the consolidated year-end date.

4. Accounting policies

(1) Valuation standards and methods for major assets

a) Securities

Other securities

1): Other securities for which market quotations are available are stated at fair value prevailing at the balance sheet date with unrealized gains and losses, directly included in net assets. The cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method.

2): Other securities for which market quotations are not available are valued at cost mainly determined by the moving-average method.

b) Derivative

Market price method

c) Inventories

Merchandise and finished goods, work in process, raw materials and supplies

Stated at cost. Cost is determined by the weighted-average method (the method of write-downs based on the decrease in profitability is applied in order to calculate the inventory value on the balance sheet).

Note: A part of merchandise and finished goods is determined by individual cost method based on the actual cost method.

(2) Depreciation and amortization for major assets

a) Property, plant and equipments other than leased assets

The company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries: declining-balance method

Note: Buildings acquired on or after April 1, 1998 other than equipments: straight-line method Foreign consolidated subsidiaries: straight-line method based of accounting standards of local

country

Useful life of principle assets is as follows:

Property plant and equipments2 to 50 yearsMachinery2 to 17 years

b) Intangible assets other than leased assets

The company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries: straight line method

Foreign consolidated subsidiaries: straight-line method based on accounting standards of local country.

Software for internal use is amortized under the straight-line method over the expected useful lives.

c) Leased assets

Leased assets related to financial leases that do not transfer ownership rights to the lessees are amortized under the straight-line method based on the lease term as the useful life and residual value of zero.

(3) Significant allowances

a) Allowances for doubtful account

To prepare for uncollectible credits and loans, general allowance of the company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries is recorded based on the actual bad debt ratio, and specific allowance is recorded based on the amount deemed to the uncollectible considering the collectibility.

As for foreign consolidated subsidiaries, specific credits are based on estimated uncollectable amount.

b) Provision for bonuses

To allow for the payment of bonuses to employees, the company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries records the standard for estimated amounts of bonuses to be paid.

c) Provision for director's bonuses

To allow for the payment of bonuses to directors, the company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries records the standard for estimated amounts of bonuses to be paid.

d) Provision for repairs

To allow our payment of periodic maintenance of production equipments, the company records the amount of estimated cost to be paid during this fiscal year.

e) Provision for product warranties

To allow for cost of after-sales service, the company records the actual cost of the past to be paid.

(4) Foreign currency transactions

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Resulting gains and losses are included in net profit or loss for the period. All assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries and affiliates are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses for the year are translated into Japanese yen at the average exchange rate during the year and translation adjustments are included in "Foreign currency translation adjustments of "Net assets."

(5) Main hedge accounting methods

a) Hedge accounting methods

The company accounts for hedging activities under deferral hedge accounting. Furiate-shori (accounting method in which the current and forward rate difference is allocated by period length for the calculation at the accounting period) is applied to forward foreign exchange contracts which conform to the requirements of such hedge accounting.

- b) Hedging instruments and targets
 - 1. Hedging instruments Derivative transaction
 - Hedged targets
 - Precious metal products
 - 2. Hedging instruments
 - Exchange contract
 - Hedged targets

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

- 3. Hedging instruments
 - Currency swap
 - Interest rate swap
 - Hedged targets
 - Foreign currency long-term loan

c) Hedge policy

To reduce the precious metal market price risk and to improve income and expenditure balance, the company hedges price fluctuation risk and exchange rate risk based on internal rules.

(6) Amortization of goodwill

By judging respective case, goodwill is amortized under the straight-line method within a period of 20 years.

(7) Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statements

Cash and cash equivalents are composed of cash on hand, bank deposits able to be withdrawn on demand and short-term highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and which bear lower risks from fluctuations in value.

(8) Accounting method for consumption taxes

Consumption taxes are accounted for using the net method of reporting.

[Changes in Presentation]

"Provision for retirement benefits" under Noncurrent liabilities listed in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 has been included in "Net defined benefit liability" in accordance with the application of the "Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Statement No. 26, May 17, 2012) and the "Implementation Guidance for the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No. 25, May 17, 2012).

With regard to the application of the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits, in accordance with the provisions on transitional implementation indicated in Paragraph 37 of the Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits, the consolidated financial statements have not been reclassified to reflect these changes in presentation.

[Segment Information]

Information on sales and income (loss), identifiable assets, and other items by reporting segment

			(Millions of Yen
	Precious metal recycling business	Environmental preservation business	Total
Net sales			
1) Customers	80,177	16,191	96,368
2) Intersegment	-	-	—
Total	80,177	16,191	96,368
Operating income by business segment	5,368	2,127	7,495
Identifiable asset by business segment	41,632	20,628	62,260
Other items			
Depreciation and amortization	1,230	870	2,100
Amortization of goodwill	15	352	368
Investment to equity-method affiliates	82	—	82
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	770	488	1,258

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013(From April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013) (Millions of Yen)

(Note) 1. Total segment income matches operating income recorded on the consolidated statements of income.2. Increase in depreciation, property and equipment, and intangible assets includes long-term prepaid expenses and amortization of that related to these expenses.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014(From April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014)						
			(Millions of Yen)			
	Precious metal recycling business	Environmental preservation business	Total			
Net sales						
1) Customers	77,212	17,041	94,254			
2) Intersegment			—			
Total	77,212	17,041	94,254			
Operating income by business segment	7,436	2,193	9,629			
Identifiable asset by business segment	41,868	24,251	66,119			
Other items						
Depreciation and amortization	1,063	779	1,842			
Amortization of goodwill	15	371	387			
Investment to equity-method affiliates	103	—	103			
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	493	614	1,108			

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014(From April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014)

(Note) 1. Total segment income matches operating income recorded on the consolidated statements of income.
2. Increase in depreciation, property and equipment, and intangible assets includes long-term prepaid expenses and amortization of that related to these expenses.

[Per Share Information]

	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31,2014	
Net assets per share (Yen)	1,288.56	1,426.55	
Net income per share (Yen)	139.24	183.43	
Diluted net income per share (Yen)	Not given as the company has no potential stocks with dilution effect	· · ·	

Note: The following shows the basis of calculating net income per share

	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31,2014
Net income per share		
Net income for the fiscal year (Millions of yen)	4,518	5,969
Monetary value not related to common stockholders (Millions of yen)	_	_
Net income related to common stock (Millions of yen)	4,518	5,969
Number of weighted average common shares outstanding during the fiscal year (Thousands of shares)	32,448	32,540
Overview of potential stock not included in calculation of diluted net income per share because the stock have no dilution effect	2010 Stock Option (common stock 202,000 shares)	2010 Stock Option (common stock 202,000 shares)

We regard the stock, owned by "Asahi employee stock ownership trustee" (238,700 shares for the previous fiscal year end and 153,900 shares for this fiscal year end) as treasury stock. Therefore, we deduct the number of the stock in order to calculate "Number of weighted average common shares" of this and previous fiscal year.

[Significant Subsequent Events] Not applicable

5. Others

(1)Changes of Directors

①Change of the representative

Planned retirement of directors: Tsutomu Sakurai

②Other changes of directors Candidate for new directors: Kazuo Kawabata

3Date of inauguration and retirement June 17, 2013

* For details, please refer to "Notification of Changes in Representative Directors and Executive Appointment" made public on May 12, 2014.

(2)Amounts of Production, Orders Received, Sales 1Production

(Amount: millions of yen) Year ended Year ended March 31,2013 March 31,2014 Amount Year-on-Year Amount Year-on-Year Gold 46,940 80.7%46,697 99.5% 38.3% Silver 14,774 82.1%5,661 Palladium 8,909 94.1%10,747 120.6% 62.1% 7,007 106.0% Platinum 6,611 Indium 3,899 39.5% 6,720 172.4% Industrial waste treatment 18,073 113.6% 19,369 107.2%Total 99.208 81.3% 96,203 97.0%

(Notes) Amount is provided on the basis of their sales prices.

20rders received

As we do production according to the amount of the collection, there is no applicable information.

Sales

③Sales (Amount: millions of yen)						
	Year ended March 31,2013		Year ended March 31,2014			
	Amount	Year-on-Year	Amount	Year-on-Year		
Gold	34,854	55.2%	37,480	107.5%		
Silver	14,418	77.6%	6,935	48.1%		
Palladium	10,112	75.6%	12,567	124.3%		
Platinum	7,614	44.9%	8,108	106.5%		
Indium	309	3.4%	771	248.8%		
Industrial waste treatment	18,073	113.6%	19,369	107.2%		
Other	10,986	78.1%	9,021	82.1%		
Total	96,368	63.8%	94,254	97.8%		